

Network Management & Monitoring

NetFlow Overview



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Agenda

Netflow

- What it is and how it works
- Uses and Applications

Flow-tools

- Architectural issues
- Software, tools etc

Lab

Network Flows

- Packets or frames that have a common attribute.
- Creation and expiration policy what conditions start and stop a flow.
- Counters packets, bytes, time.
- Routing information AS, network mask, interfaces.

Cisco's Definition of a Flow

Unidirectional sequence of packets sharing

- 1. Source IP address
- 2. Destination IP address
- 3. Source port for UDP or TCP, 0 for other protocols
- 4. Destination port for UDP or TCP, type and code for ICMP, or 0 for other protocols
- 5. IP protocol
- 6. Ingress interface (SNMP ifIndex)
- 7. IP Type of Service

Network Flows

- Unidirectional or bidirectional.
- Bidirectional flows can contain other information such as round trip time, TCP behavior.
- Application flows look past the headers to classify packets by their contents.
- Aggregated flows flows of flows.

Working with Flows

- Generate the flows from device (usually a router)
- Export flows from the device to collector
 - Configure version of flows
 - Sampling rates
- Collect the flows
 - Tools to Collect Flows Flow-tools
- Analyze them
 - More tools available, can write your own

Flow Descriptors

- A Key with more elements will generate more flows.
- Greater number of flows equals:
 - More post processing time to generate reports
 - more memory and CPU requirements for device generating flows
 - More storage needed on the flow processing server
- Depends on application. Traffic engineering vs. intrusion detection.

Flow Accounting

- Accounting information accumulated with flows.
- Packets, Bytes, Start Time, End Time.
- Network routing information masks and autonomous system number.

Flow Generation/Collection

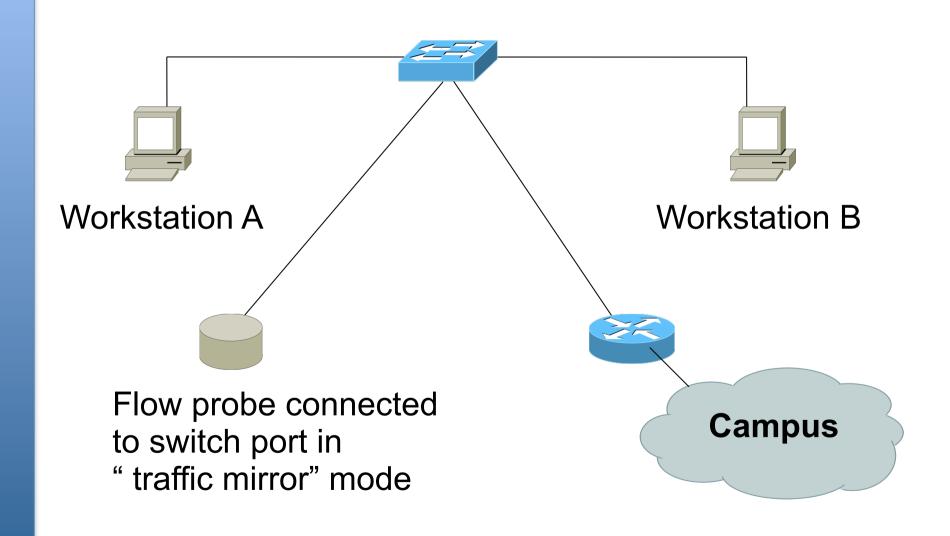
Passive monitor

- A passive monitor (usually a Unix host) receives all data and generates flows.
- Resource intensive

Router or other existing network device

- Router or other existing devices like switch, generate flows.
- Sampling is possible
- Nothing new needed

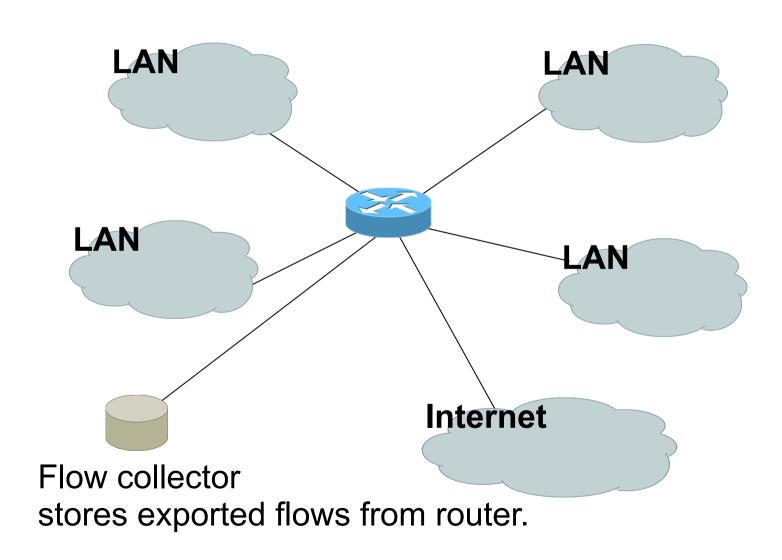
Passive Monitor Collection



Passive Collector

- Using passive collection, not all flows in the network will be seen as opposed to collection from the router
- The collector will only see flows from the network point it is connected on
- However this method does relieve the router from processing netflows and exporting them
- Useful on links with only one entry into the network or where only flows from one section of the network are needed

Router Collection



Router Collection

- With this method, all flows in the network can be observed
- However, more work for the router in processing and exporting the flows
- Optionally, one can choose on which interfaces netflow collection is needed and not activate it on others
- Also, if there is a router on each LAN, netflow can be activated on those routers to reduce the load on the core router

Cisco NetFlow

- Unidirectional flows.
- IPv4 unicast and multicast.
- Aggregated and unaggregated.
- Flows exported via UDP.
- Supported on IOS and CatOS platforms.
- Catalyst NetFlow is different implementation.

Cisco NetFlow Versions

- 4 Unaggregated types (1,5,6,7).
- 14 Aggregated types (8.x, 9).
- Each version has its own packet format.
- Version 1 does not have sequence numbers
 no way to detect lost flows.
- The "version" defines what type of data is in the flow.
- Some versions specific to Catalyst platform.

NetFlow Version 1

- Key fields: Source/Destination IP, Source/Destination Port, IP Protocol, ToS, Input interface.
- Accounting: Packets, Octets, Start/End time, Output interface
- Other: Bitwise OR of TCP flags.
- Obsolete

NetFlow Versions 2-4

- Cisco internal
- Were never released

NetFlow v5

- Key fields: Source/Destination IP, Source/Destination Port, IP Protocol, ToS, Input interface.
- Accounting: Packets, Octets, Start/End time, Output interface.
- Other: Bitwise OR of TCP flags, Source/Destination AS and IP Mask.
- Packet format adds sequence numbers for detecting lost exports.
- IPv4 only

NetFlow v8

- Aggregated v5 flows.
- Not all flow types available on all equipments
- Much less data to post process, but loses fine granularity of v5 – no IP addresses.

NetFlow v9

- IPv6 support
- Additional fields like MPLS labels
- Builds on earlier versions

Cisco IOS Configuration

- Configured on each input interface.
- Define the version.
- Define the IP address of the collector (where to send the flows).
- Optionally enable aggregation tables.
- Optionally configure flow timeout and main (v5) flow table size.
- Optionally configure sample rate.

Cisco IOS Configuration

```
ip flow-top-talkers
top 10
sort-by bytes
```

gw-169-223-2-0#sh ip flow top-talkers

SrcIf	SrcIPaddress	DstIf	DstIPaddress	Pr	${\tt SrcP}$	DstP	Bytes
Fa0/1	169.223.2.2	Fa0/0	169.223.11.33	06	0050	0B64	3444K
Fa0/1	169.223.2.2	Fa0/0	169.223.11.33	06	0050	0B12	3181K
Fa0/0	169.223.11.33	Fa0/1	169.223.2.2	06	0B12	0050	56K
Fa 0/0	169.223.11.33	Fa0/1	169.223.2.2	06	0B64	0050	55K
Fa0/1	169.223.2.2	Local	169.223.2.1	01	0000	0303	18K
Fa0/1	169.223.2.130	Fa0/0	64.18.197.134	06	9C45	0050	15K
Fa0/1	169.223.2.130	Fa0/0	64.18.197.134	06	9C44	0050	12K
Fa0/0	213.144.138.195	Fa0/1	169.223.2.130	06	01BB	DC31	7167
Fa0/0	169.223.15.102	Fa0/1	169.223.2.2	06	C917	0016	2736
Fa0/1	169.223.2.2	Local	169.223.2.1	06	DB27	0016	2304
10 - 5 10 +		0 61	-				

10 of 10 top talkers shown. 49 flows processed.

Cisco Command Summary

- Enable CEF (done by default)
 - -ip cef
- Enable flow on each interface

```
ip route cache flow
OR
ip flow ingress
ip flow egress
```

View flows

```
show ip cache flowshow ip flow top-talkers
```

Cisco Command Summary

Exporting Flows to a collector

```
ip flow-export version 5 [origin-as|peer-as]
ip flow-export destination x.x.x.x <udp-port>
```

- Origin AS will include the origin AS Number in the flow while Peer AS will only include the AS Number of the peering neighbor
- Exporting aggregated flows

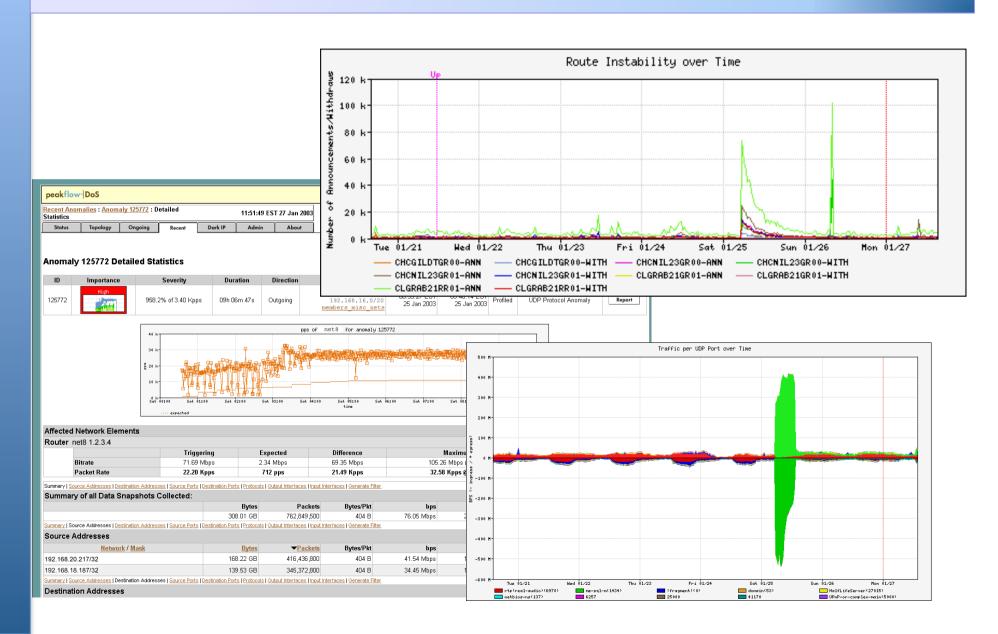
```
ip flow-aggregation cache as|prefix|dest|source|proto
  enabled
  export destination x.x.x.x <udp-port>
```

Flows and Applications

Uses for NetFlow

- Problem identification / solving
 - Traffic classification
 - DoS Traceback (some slides by Danny McPherson)
- Traffic Analysis and Engineering
 - Inter-AS traffic analysis
 - Reporting on application proxies
- Accounting (or billing)
 - Cross verification from other sources
 - Can cross-check with SNMP data

Detect Anomalous Events: SQL "Slammer" Worm*



Flow-based Detection (cont)*

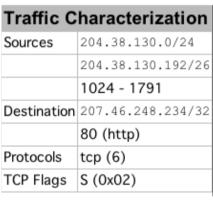
Once baselines are built anomalous activity can be detected

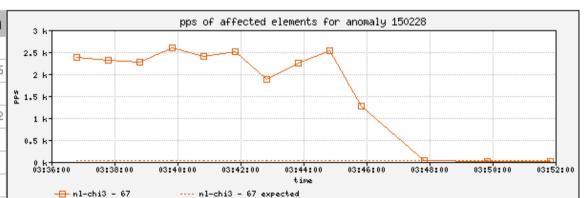
- Pure rate-based (pps or bps) anomalies may be legitimate or malicious
- Many misuse attacks can be immediately recognized, even without baselines (e.g., TCP SYN or RST floods)
- Signatures can also be defined to identify "interesting" transactional data (e.g., proto udp and port 1434 and 404 octets(376 payload) == slammer!)
- Temporal compound signatures can be defined to detect with higher precision

Flow-based Commercial Tools...*

Anomaly 150228 Get Report: PDF XML

ID	Importance	Duration	Start Time	Direction	Type	Resource
150228	High 130.0% of 2 Kpps	17 mins	03:34, Aug 16	Incoming	Bandwidth (Profiled)	Microsoft 207.46.0.0/16 windowsupdate.com

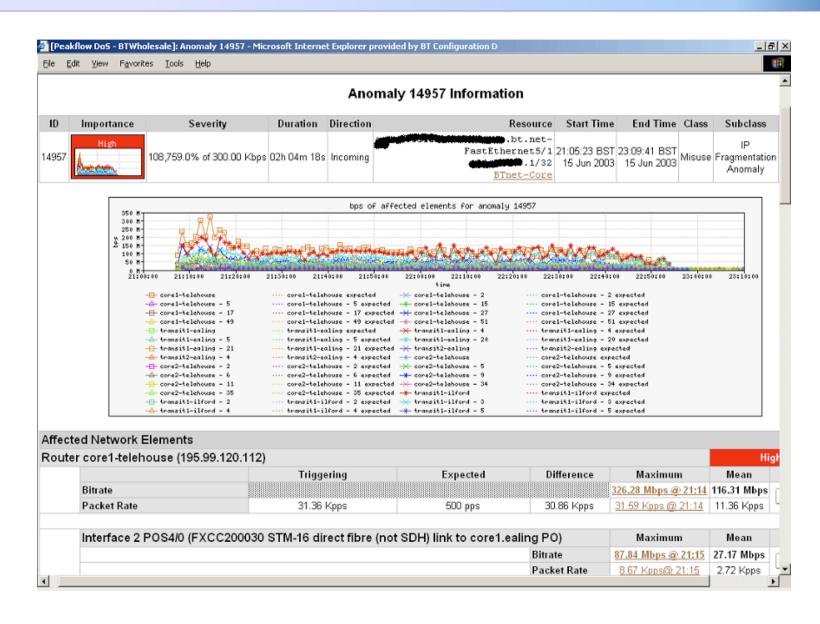




Affected Network Elements		Expected	d Observed bps		Observ	ed pps	
	Importance	pps	Max	Mean	Max	Mean	
Router nl-chi3 198.110.131.125	High						
Interface 67 at-1/1/0.14 pvc to WMU		26	832 K	563.1 K	2.6 K	1.7 K	Details

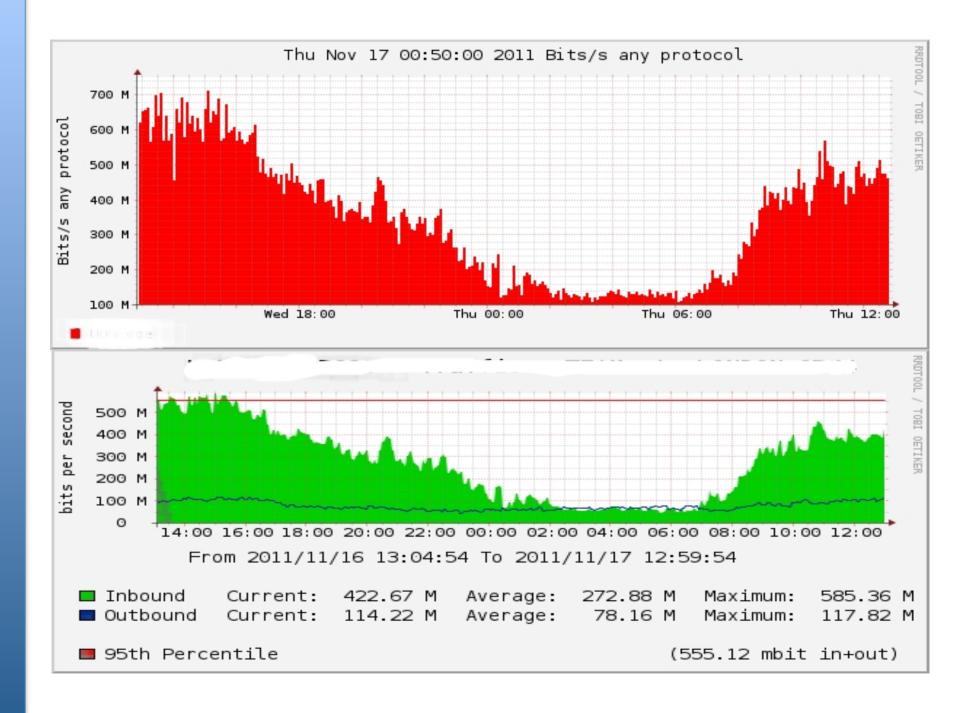
Anomaly Comments

Commercial Detection: A Large Scale DOS Attack



Accounting

Flow based accounting can be a good supplement to SNMP based accounting.



References

flow-tools:

http://www.splintered.net/sw/flow-tools

WikiPedia:

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Netflow

NetFlow Applications

http://www.inmon.com/technology/netflowapps.php

- Netflow HOW-TO
 http://www.linuxgeek.org/netflow-howto.php
- IETF standards effort: http://www.ietf.org/html.charters/ipfix-charter.html

References

- Abilene NetFlow page http://abilene-netflow.itec.oar.net/
- Flow-tools mailing list: flow-tools@splintered.net
- Cisco Centric Open Source Community http://cosi-nms.sourceforge.net/related.html
- Cisco NetFlow Collector User Guide
 http://www.cisco.com/en/US/docs/net_mgmt/netflow_collection_engine/6.0/tier_one/user/guide/user.html