#### **Notes**

- Commands preceded with "\$" imply that you should execute the command as a general user - not as root.
- Commands preceded with "#" imply that you should be working as root.
- Commands with more specific command lines (e.g. "RTR-GW>" or "mysql>") imply that you are executing commands on remote equipment, or within another program.

## **Exercises**

First make sure that your routers are configured to send logs to your PC (this should have been done in the previous exercise).

#### **Update rsyslog configuration**

If you have not already done so, log in to your virtual machine and become the root user:

```
$ sudo bash
#
```

Configure rsyslog to save all router logs in one file for monitoring purposes.

Edit /etc/rsyslog.d/30-routerlogs.conf,

```
# editor /etc/rsyslog.d/30-routerlogs.conf
```

... and find the line

```
local0.* -?RouterLogs
```

... and add the following new line immediately after this:

```
local0.* /var/log/network/everything
```

(but before the line which says '& ~'). So what you should end up with is:

```
$template RouterLogs,"/var/log/network/%$YEAR%/%$MONTH%/%$DAY%/%HOSTNAME%-
%$HOUR%.log"
local0.* -?RouterLogs
local0.* /var/log/network/everything
& ~
```

This will enable logging of ALL messages matching the local of facility to a single file, so that we can run a monitoring script on the messages.

Be sure to save and exit from the file.

Now restart rsyslog so that is sees the new configuration:

```
# service rsyslog restart
```

### Log rotation

Create a daily automated script to truncate the log file so it doesn't grow too big (COPY and PASTE):

```
# editor /etc/logrotate.d/everything

/var/log/network/everything {
   daily
   copytruncate
   rotate 1
   postrotate
     /etc/init.d/tenshi restart
   endscript
}
```

Then save and exit from the file.

#### Install tenshi

```
# apt-get install tenshi
```

# Configure tenshi

Configure Tenshi to send you alarms when the routers are configured (COPY and PASTE):

```
# editor /etc/tenshi/includes-available/network

set logfile /var/log/network/everything
set queue network_alarms tenshi@localhost sysadm@localhost [*/1 * * * *] Log
check

group_host rtr
network_alarms SYS-5-CONFIG_I
network_alarms PRIV_AUTH_PASS
network_alarms LINK
group_end
```

Then save and exit from the file.

Create a symlink so that Tenshi loads your new file (COPY and PASTE):

```
# In -s /etc/tenshi/includes-available/network /etc/tenshi/includes-active
```

Finally restart Tenshi:

```
# service tenshi restart
```

#### **Testing Tenshi**

Log in to your router, and run some "config" commands (example below):

```
$ ssh cisco@rtrX     [where "X" is your router number]
rtrX> enable
Password: <password>
rtrX# config terminal
rtrX(config)# int FastEthernet0/0
rtrX(config-if)# description Description Change for FastEthernet0/0 for
Tenshi
rtrX(config-if)# ctrl-z
rtrX# write memory
```

Don't exit from the router yet. Just as in the previous rsyslog exercises, attempt to shutdown / no shutdown loopback interface:

```
rtrX# conf t
rtrX(config)# interface Loopback 999
rtrX(config-if)# shutdown
```

wait a few seconds

```
rtrX(config-if)# no shutdown
```

Then exit, and save the config ("write mem"):

Verify that you are receiving emails to the sysadm user from Tenshi. A quick check is to look in the mail directory:

```
$ ls -l /var/mail
```

• Note: Tenshi checks /var/log/network/everything once a minute, so you may have to wait up to a minute for the email to arrive to the sysadm user.

Make sure you are logged in as sysadm (not root). Either open a new session to your virtual machine, or exit from the root user (exit). Then do:

```
$ mutt
```

Scroll up/down to select a message from "tenshi@localhost", then press ENTER to view it, and q to quit and 'q' again to quit mutt.

If mails are not arriving, then check the following:

• Are logs arriving in the file /var/log/network/everything?

```
$ tail /var/log/network/everything
```

- Do these logs show a hostname like 'rtr5'? Remember that the way we have configured tenshi, it only looks at hostnames matching the pattern 'rtr'
- Check your tenshi configuration file. Restart tenshi if you change it.
- If you are still stuck ask an instructor or a neighbor for help.

#### **Optional: Add a new Tenshi rule**

See if you can figure out how to add a rule to Tenshi so that an email is sent if someone enters an incorrect enable password on your router.

#### Hints:

- "PRIV\_AUTH\_FAIL" is the Cisco IOS log message in such cases.
- To test your new rule log in to your router, type "enable" and then enter an incorrect enable password.