

dynamips and dynagen

November 12, 2013

Network lab virtualization with dynamips

Dynamips

Dynamips^a is an emulator (hypervisor) for Cisco hardware (2600, 3600, 3700, 7200)

It emulates all the hardware modules Cisco IOS expects

- ethernet ports
- serial cards
- flash ram

Dynamips can emulate most of the hardware available on these platforms, including switch modules, but it cannot emulate standalone switches (for example, 2960 or 3560 or any other “Catalyst”-type equipment)

^ahttp://www.ipflow.utc.fr/index.php/Cisco_7200_Simulator

Dynamips

Running dynamips

- It requires a Cisco IOS software image.
- Dynamips, much like KVM, has many command line options to control which modules will be active, how much RAM will be present, etc. . .

However, unlike KVM which can run emulated OS at nearly the same speed they would run on the physical host (we are using the same x86/x64 instructions), dynamips isn't very fast.

- Cisco equipment in the series mentioned use the MIPS processor family (thus, the Dynamips name), and needs to translate the processor instructions.

Dynagen

Dynagen

Dynagen is a front-end for managing dynamips. It controls dynamips, much in the same way that virsh/libvirt controls KVM. Dynagen uses a configuration file (`your_project_name.net`) where you can define routers, switches, and connections between the devices.

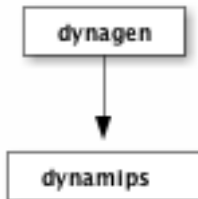


Figure : Dynamips and dynagen

Dynagen - sample config

```
[[router R1]]  
  console = 2001  
  aux = 3001  
  g1/0 = CORE1 1  
  model = 7200
```

```
[[router R2]]  
  console = 2002  
  aux = 3002  
  g1/0 = CORE1 2  
  model = 7200
```

```
[[ETHSW CORE1]]  
  1 = access 1  
  2 = access 1
```

Dynamips and the real world

By default, the routers and switches cannot talk to the rest of the world. They are in a closed environment, talking to each other.

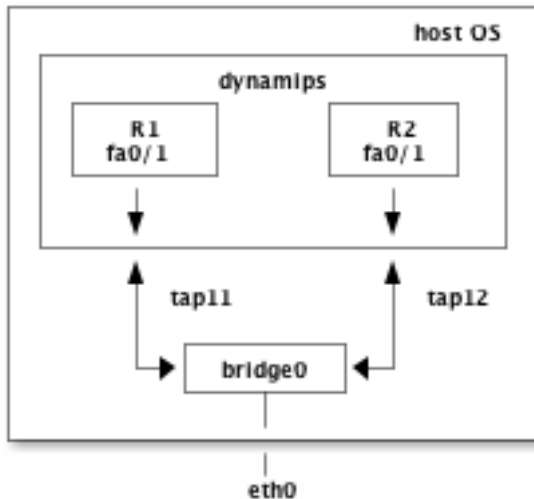
But it is possible to “attach” the ethernet interfaces from the routers, to so-called “tap” interfaces on the HOST.

```
[[ROUTER r3]]  
  console = 2103  
  aux = 2023  
  fa0/1 = NIO_tap:tap3  
  fa0/0 = NIO_tap:tap13  
  model = 7200
```

Dynamips and the real world

One would then connect these “tap” interfaces coming from the routers, to a virtual switch (called bridge) - we'll see this on the next slide.

Dynamips and the real world



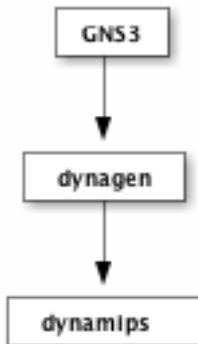
Dynamips and the real world

We can use the `brctl` command to see which ports are attached to which tap interfaces:

```
$ brctl show br-lan  
br-lan      8000.5e56f142f66e    no      tap11  
                                           tap12  
                                           tap13  
                                           eth0
```

A graphical front-end: GNS3

Another tool, which you will see later, is GNS3¹. It wraps dynagen, and provides a complete Graphical Interface to design, build, run and debug dynagen/dynamips architectures.



GNS3

GNS3 - /Users/regnauld/WORK/dynagen/nren-labs.net

Hostnam | Interfa

Console

GNS3 management console. Running GNS3 version 0.8.6.
Copyright (c) 2006-2013 GNS3 Project.

- ISP1
- ISP2
- IXP
- NREN1
- NREN2
- R11